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2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 2-carboxybenzoate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.047; wR factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the title molecular salt, $C_6H_9N_2^+ \cdot C_8H_5O_4^-$, the anion is stabilized by an intramolecular $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond, which generates an S(7) ring motif. In the crystal, the cations and anions are linked to form extended chains along [001] by $O-H\cdots O$ and $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. Adjacent chains are crosslinked *via* $C-H\cdots O$ interactions into sheets lying parallel to (100).

Related literature

For substituted pyridines, see: Pozharski *et al.* (1997); Katritzky *et al.* (1996). For details of hydrogen bonding, see: Scheiner (1997); Jeffrey & Saenger (1991); Jeffrey (1997). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For related structures, see: Quah *et al.* (2008*a,b,c*). For reference bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used for the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_6H_9N_2^+ \cdot C_8H_5O_4^-$	
$M_r = 274.27$	
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	
a = 13.0558 (15) Å	
b = 6.9182 (8) Å	

c = 14.2575 (17) Å $\beta = 90.218 (2)^{\circ}$ $V = 1287.8 (3) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo K α radiation

‡ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5525-2009.§ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

T = 100 K

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII DUO CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009) $T_{\rm min} = 0.958, T_{\rm max} = 0.989$

Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.047 & \text{H atoms treated by a mixture of} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.131 & \text{independent and constrained} \\ S &= 1.13 & \text{refinement} \\ 3856 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} &= 0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ 233 \text{ parameters} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} &= -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{c} 02 - H1O2\cdots O3 \\ N1 - H1N1\cdots O4^{i} \\ N2 - H1N2\cdots O3^{i} \\ N2 - H2N2\cdots O1^{ii} \\ C5 - H5A\cdots O2^{iii} \end{array}$	0.86	1.57	2.4009 (14)	163
	0.94 (2)	1.77 (2)	2.6919 (16)	169 (2)
	0.89 (2)	2.11 (2)	2.9881 (16)	166.6 (19)
	0.86 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8888 (16)	164.5 (19)
	0.953 (19)	2.532 (19)	3.4133 (17)	153.7 (16)

 $0.41 \times 0.19 \times 0.11 \ \mathrm{mm}$

26319 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.046$

3856 independent reflections

3332 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 2; (iii) x + 1, $-y + \frac{1}{2}$, $z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5537).

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supplementary materials

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2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 2-carboxybenzoate

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Comment

Pyridine and its derivatives play an important role in heterocyclic chemistry (Pozharski *et al.*, 1997; Katritzky *et al.*, 1996). They are often involved in hydrogen-bond interactions (Jeffrey & Saenger, 1991; Jeffrey, 1997; Scheiner, 1997). Since our aim is to study some interesting hydrogen-bonding interactions, the crystal structure of the title compound, (I), is presented here.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains one 2-amino-4-methylpyridinium cation and one 2-carboxybenzoate anion. A proton transfer from the carboxyl group of 2-carboxybenzoice acid to atom N1 of 2-amino-4-methylpyridinium resulted in the formation of ions. The bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles in the title compound (Fig. 1) are within normal ranges and comparable with the related structures (Quah *et al.*, 2008*a*,*b*,*c*). The 2-amino-4-methylpyridinium cation is essentially planar, with the maximum deviation of 0.024 (1) Å for atom C2 and makes a dihedral angle of 19.56 (6)° with benzene (C7—C12) ring in 2-carboxybenzoate anion. The molecular structure is stabilized by an intramolecular O2—H102···O3 hydrogen bond which generates an *S*(7) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

In the solid state, the cations and anions are linked to form extended chains along [0 0 1] by O–H···O and N–H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The adjacent chains are cross-linked *via* C5–H5A···O2 interactions into two-dimensional networks (Fig. 2) parallel to the (1 0 0).

Experimental

A hot methanol solution (20 ml) of 2-amino-4-methylpyridine (27 mg, Aldrich) and phthalic acid (41 mg, Merck) were mixed and warmed over a heating magnetic stirrer for a few minutes. The resulting solution was allowed to cool slowly at room temperature and colourless blocks of (I) appeared after a few days.

Refinement

Atom H1O2 was located in a difference Fourier map and refined as riding with the parent atom with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$ [O2—H1O2 = 0.856 Å]. The remaining H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely [N—H = 0.86 (2)–0.84 (2) Å and C—H = 0.892 (18)–1.00 (2) Å].

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown in dashed line.



Fig. 2. The crystal structure of (I) viewed along the b axis. H atoms not involved in intermolecular interactions (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 2-carboxybenzoate

Crystal	data
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$C_6H_9N_2^+ C_8H_5O_4^-$	F(000) = 576
$M_r = 274.27$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.415 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 6320 reflections
a = 13.0558 (15) Å	$\theta = 2.9 - 30.3^{\circ}$
b = 6.9182 (8) Å	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 14.2575 (17) Å	T = 100 K
$\beta = 90.218 \ (2)^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
V = 1287.8 (3) Å ³	$0.41 \times 0.19 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII DUO CCD diffractometer	3856 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3332 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.046$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.3^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	$h = -18 \rightarrow 18$
$T_{\min} = 0.958, T_{\max} = 0.989$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
26319 measured reflections	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 1.13	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0537P)^2 + 0.7248P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3856 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
233 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.41 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

0 restraints

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.33 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cyrosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.92537 (9)	0.10419 (17)	0.64609 (8)	0.0185 (2)
N2	0.85884 (10)	0.0110 (2)	0.78891 (8)	0.0230 (3)
C1	0.84333 (10)	0.05716 (19)	0.69918 (9)	0.0174 (3)
C2	0.74595 (10)	0.05677 (19)	0.65551 (9)	0.0173 (2)
C3	0.73580 (10)	0.10080 (19)	0.56198 (9)	0.0173 (2)
C4	0.82425 (10)	0.1503 (2)	0.50975 (9)	0.0188 (3)
C5	0.91673 (10)	0.1521 (2)	0.55390 (9)	0.0190 (3)
C6	0.63362 (11)	0.0948 (2)	0.51390 (11)	0.0233 (3)
01	0.29640 (8)	0.07772 (17)	1.07382 (7)	0.0256 (2)
O2	0.14735 (7)	0.13709 (16)	1.00722 (7)	0.0220 (2)
H1O2	0.1249	0.1484	0.9510	0.033*
O3	0.07013 (7)	0.10883 (16)	0.85474 (7)	0.0232 (2)
O4	0.11341 (8)	0.01778 (17)	0.71187 (7)	0.0255 (2)
C7	0.25074 (10)	0.07219 (19)	0.81743 (9)	0.0169 (2)
C8	0.31459 (11)	0.0630 (2)	0.73921 (10)	0.0252 (3)
C9	0.42058 (12)	0.0674 (3)	0.74708 (11)	0.0343 (4)
C10	0.46574 (12)	0.0806 (3)	0.83501 (11)	0.0307 (4)
C11	0.40349 (10)	0.0909 (2)	0.91336 (10)	0.0212 (3)
C12	0.29652 (10)	0.08811 (18)	0.90749 (9)	0.0158 (2)
C13	0.24430 (10)	0.10053 (19)	1.00235 (9)	0.0178 (3)
C14	0.13713 (10)	0.0649 (2)	0.79293 (10)	0.0186 (3)
H2A	0.6866 (15)	0.030 (3)	0.6899 (13)	0.025 (5)*
H4A	0.8212 (13)	0.180 (3)	0.4489 (13)	0.020 (4)*
H5A	0.9801 (14)	0.181 (3)	0.5240 (13)	0.026 (5)*
H6A	0.6231 (16)	0.198 (3)	0.4689 (15)	0.038 (6)*
H6B	0.6280 (18)	-0.026 (4)	0.4780 (16)	0.044 (6)*
H6C	0.5785 (19)	0.100 (3)	0.5570 (18)	0.050 (7)*
H8A	0.2830 (17)	0.056 (3)	0.6805 (16)	0.038 (6)*
H9A	0.4616 (17)	0.062 (3)	0.6884 (16)	0.039 (6)*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

H10A	0.5374 (18)	0.080 (3)	0.8406 (15)	0.037 (6)*
H11A	0.4322 (14)	0.106 (2)	0.9756 (13)	0.018 (4)*
H1N1	0.9896 (18)	0.087 (3)	0.6745 (15)	0.038 (6)*
H1N2	0.9214 (18)	0.022 (3)	0.8138 (15)	0.037 (6)*
H2N2	0.8067 (17)	-0.025 (3)	0.8207 (14)	0.028 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0148 (5)	0.0233 (6)	0.0174 (5)	-0.0020 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0000 (4)
N2	0.0200 (6)	0.0340 (7)	0.0150 (5)	-0.0024 (5)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0032 (5)
C1	0.0176 (6)	0.0188 (6)	0.0159 (6)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0006 (4)	-0.0010 (4)
C2	0.0148 (5)	0.0198 (6)	0.0172 (6)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0019 (4)	-0.0013 (5)
C3	0.0169 (6)	0.0176 (6)	0.0175 (6)	0.0003 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0015 (4)
C4	0.0204 (6)	0.0204 (6)	0.0156 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0010 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C5	0.0184 (6)	0.0208 (6)	0.0178 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0031 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C6	0.0176 (6)	0.0309 (7)	0.0212 (6)	-0.0006 (5)	-0.0036 (5)	0.0001 (6)
01	0.0203 (5)	0.0412 (6)	0.0153 (4)	-0.0024 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0009 (4)
O2	0.0181 (5)	0.0317 (5)	0.0163 (4)	0.0040 (4)	0.0016 (3)	-0.0018 (4)
03	0.0147 (4)	0.0350 (6)	0.0199 (5)	0.0033 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0006 (4)
O4	0.0199 (5)	0.0366 (6)	0.0201 (5)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0039 (4)	-0.0031 (4)
C7	0.0149 (5)	0.0197 (6)	0.0160 (5)	0.0004 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0009 (4)
C8	0.0204 (6)	0.0397 (8)	0.0156 (6)	0.0001 (6)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0003 (6)
C9	0.0196 (7)	0.0636 (12)	0.0197 (7)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0047 (5)	-0.0031 (7)
C10	0.0152 (6)	0.0530 (10)	0.0239 (7)	0.0010 (6)	0.0017 (5)	-0.0021 (7)
C11	0.0164 (6)	0.0292 (7)	0.0181 (6)	0.0014 (5)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0003 (5)
C12	0.0155 (5)	0.0170 (6)	0.0150 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0003 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C13	0.0172 (6)	0.0199 (6)	0.0163 (6)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0010 (4)	-0.0013 (5)
C14	0.0169 (6)	0.0202 (6)	0.0188 (6)	-0.0004(5)	-0.0012(5)	0.0026 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.3535 (17)	O1—C13	1.2331 (16)
N1—C5	1.3599 (17)	O2—C13	1.2929 (16)
N1—H1N1	0.94 (2)	O2—H1O2	0.8555
N2—C1	1.3332 (17)	O3—C14	1.2807 (17)
N2—H1N2	0.89 (2)	O4—C14	1.2391 (17)
N2—H2N2	0.86 (2)	C7—C8	1.3963 (19)
C1—C2	1.4136 (18)	C7—C12	1.4186 (17)
C2—C3	1.3738 (18)	C7—C14	1.5233 (18)
C2—H2A	0.94 (2)	C8—C9	1.388 (2)
C3—C4	1.4183 (19)	С8—Н8А	0.93 (2)
C3—C6	1.4981 (18)	C9—C10	1.386 (2)
C4—C5	1.3596 (19)	С9—Н9А	1.00 (2)
C4—H4A	0.892 (18)	C10-C11	1.386 (2)
C5—H5A	0.953 (19)	C10—H10A	0.94 (2)
С6—Н6А	0.97 (2)	C11—C12	1.3988 (18)
С6—Н6В	0.98 (2)	C11—H11A	0.967 (18)
С6—Н6С	0.95 (3)	C12—C13	1.5195 (18)

C1—N1—C5	122.43 (12)	H6B—C6—H6C	108 (2)
C1—N1—H1N1	115.9 (14)	C13—O2—H1O2	107.5
C5—N1—H1N1	121.3 (14)	C8—C7—C12	118.39 (12)
C1—N2—H1N2	119.7 (14)	C8—C7—C14	113.53 (12)
C1—N2—H2N2	117.3 (13)	C12—C7—C14	128.08 (12)
H1N2—N2—H2N2	122.9 (19)	C9—C8—C7	122.17 (13)
N2—C1—N1	118.46 (12)	С9—С8—Н8А	120.7 (14)
N2—C1—C2	123.73 (13)	С7—С8—Н8А	117.1 (14)
N1—C1—C2	117.80 (12)	C10—C9—C8	119.66 (14)
C3—C2—C1	120.69 (12)	С10—С9—Н9А	122.3 (13)
С3—С2—Н2А	118.3 (12)	С8—С9—Н9А	118.0 (13)
C1—C2—H2A	121.0 (12)	C11—C10—C9	118.92 (14)
C2—C3—C4	119.17 (12)	C11-C10-H10A	121.3 (13)
C2—C3—C6	121.37 (12)	С9—С10—Н10А	119.8 (13)
C4—C3—C6	119.46 (12)	C10-C11-C12	122.65 (13)
C5—C4—C3	118.86 (12)	C10-C11-H11A	121.2 (11)
C5—C4—H4A	119.0 (11)	C12-C11-H11A	116.1 (11)
C3—C4—H4A	122.2 (11)	C11—C12—C7	118.20 (12)
C4—C5—N1	121.03 (12)	C11—C12—C13	113.40 (11)
С4—С5—Н5А	124.5 (11)	C7—C12—C13	128.40 (12)
N1—C5—H5A	114.4 (11)	O1—C13—O2	121.18 (12)
С3—С6—Н6А	114.0 (12)	O1—C13—C12	118.71 (12)
С3—С6—Н6В	109.1 (14)	O2—C13—C12	120.10 (12)
H6A—C6—H6B	105.8 (19)	O4—C14—O3	122.37 (12)
С3—С6—Н6С	112.3 (15)	O4—C14—C7	117.53 (12)
H6A—C6—H6C	107.2 (19)	O3—C14—C7	120.09 (12)
C5—N1—C1—N2	179.65 (13)	C10-C11-C12-C7	0.6 (2)
C5—N1—C1—C2	0.7 (2)	C10-C11-C12-C13	179.86 (15)
N2-C1-C2-C3	-178.20 (13)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.9 (2)
N1-C1-C2-C3	0.7 (2)	C14—C7—C12—C11	179.59 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (2)	C8—C7—C12—C13	179.96 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C6	178.00 (13)	C14—C7—C12—C13	0.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (2)	C11-C12-C13-O1	-12.47 (18)
C6—C3—C4—C5	-178.95 (13)	C7-C12-C13-O1	166.68 (13)
C3—C4—C5—N1	1.2 (2)	C11—C12—C13—O2	166.57 (13)
C1—N1—C5—C4	-1.6 (2)	C7—C12—C13—O2	-14.3 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.5 (2)	C8—C7—C14—O4	12.57 (19)
C14—C7—C8—C9	-179.94 (16)	C12—C7—C14—O4	-167.93 (14)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (3)	C8—C7—C14—O3	-166.62 (14)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.6 (3)	C12—C7—C14—O3	12.9 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.2 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H··· A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O2—H1O2···O3	0.86	1.57	2.4009 (14)	163
N1—H1N1···O4 ⁱ	0.94 (2)	1.77 (2)	2.6919 (16)	169 (2)
N2—H1N2···O3 ⁱ	0.89 (2)	2.11 (2)	2.9881 (16)	166.6 (19)

supplementary materials

N2—H2N2…O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8888 (16)	164.5 (19)
C5—H5A···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.953 (19)	2.532 (19)	3.4133 (17)	153.7 (16)
Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1$, y , z ; (ii) $-x+1$, $-y$, $-z+2$; (iii) $x+1$, $-y+1/2$, $z-1/2$.				



Fig. 1

sup-7

Fig. 2

